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### (54) STRUCTURAL ASSEMBLY INSULATION

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patent is extended or adjusted under 35

U.S.C. 154(b) by 54 days.

(21) Appl. No.: 13/795,155

(22) Filed: Mar. 12, 2013

(65) **Prior Publication Data** 

US 2014/0090322 A1 Apr. 3, 2014

### Related U.S. Application Data

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- (51) Int. Cl.

  E04B 1/74 (2006.01)

  E04B 1/90 (2006.01)

  E04B 5/26 (2006.01)

  E04B 1/62 (2006.01)

  E04B 1/76 (2006.01)

(52) U.S. Cl.

CPC ... **E04B** 1/74 (2013.01); **E04B** 1/62 (2013.01); **E04B** 1/7604 (2013.01); **E04B** 1/7654 (2013.01); **E04B** 1/90 (2013.01); **E04B** 5/261 (2013.01); **E04B** 2001/742 (2013.01); **E04B** 2001/745 (2013.01); **E04B** 2001/746 (2013.01)

(58) Field of Classification Search

CPC ...... E04B 1/74; E04B 1/88; E04B 1/90; E04B 1/7604; E04B 5/261

USPC ....... 52/404.1, 407.3, 742.1, 742.13 See application file for complete search history.

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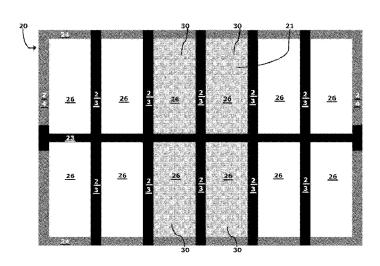
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### (57) ABSTRACT

A structural assembly (20) providing both a surface (21) and an insulating stratum associated with the surface. The assembly (20) can comprise structural members (23-24) and pods (30) associated with the structural members (23-24). The pods (30) contribute to structural integrity, thermal insulation, and/or sound attenuation. The pods or pod-like material can be used in or on horizontal or vertical cavities, in or on horizontal or vertical surfaces, and/or incorporated into a structural assembly or equipment housing.

### 11 Claims, 57 Drawing Sheets



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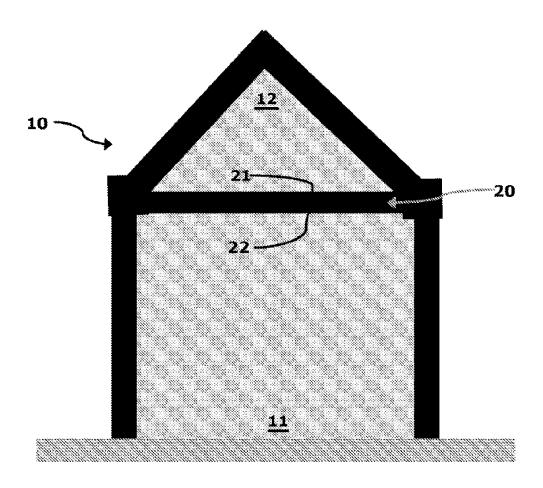
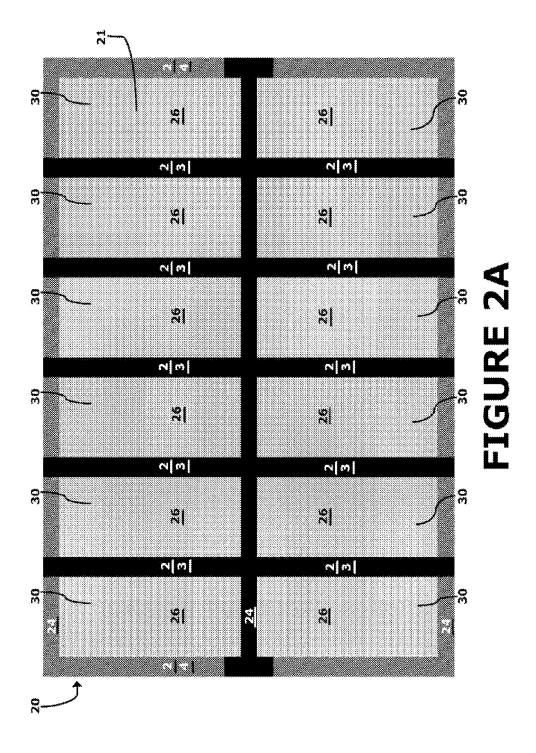
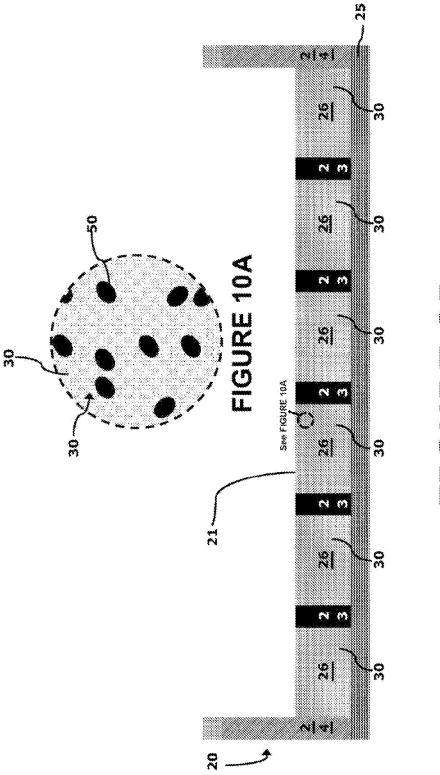
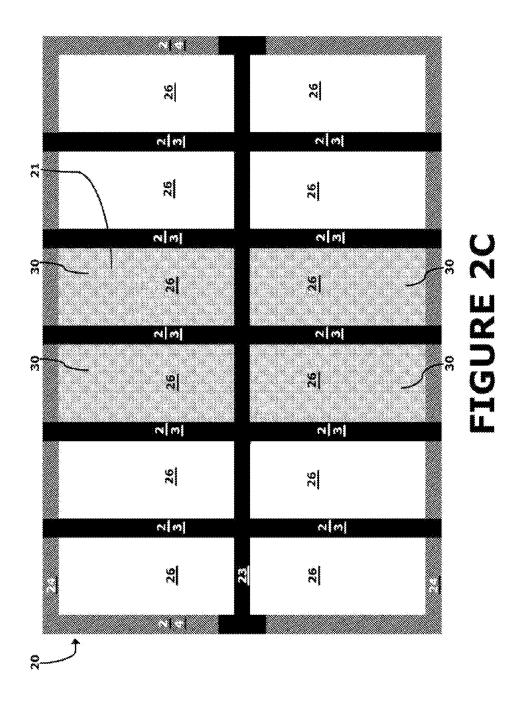


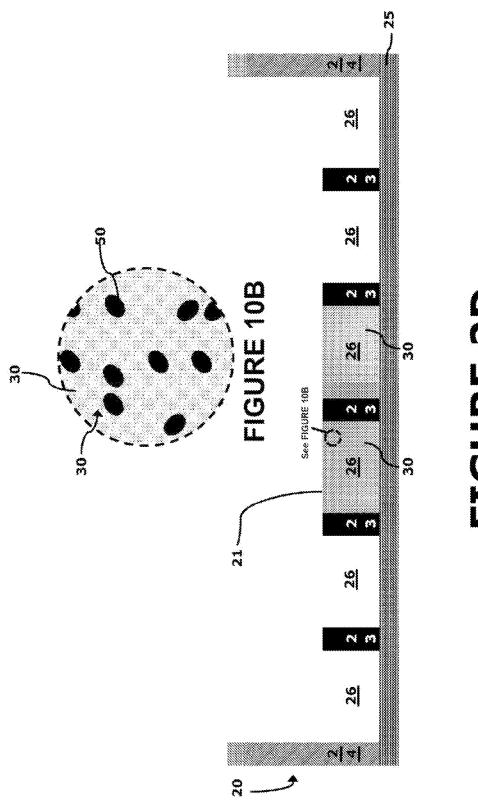
FIGURE 1



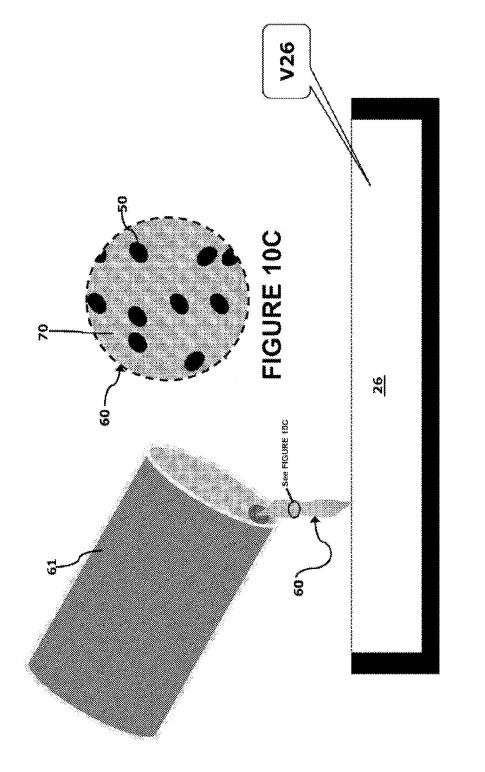


## FIGURE 2B

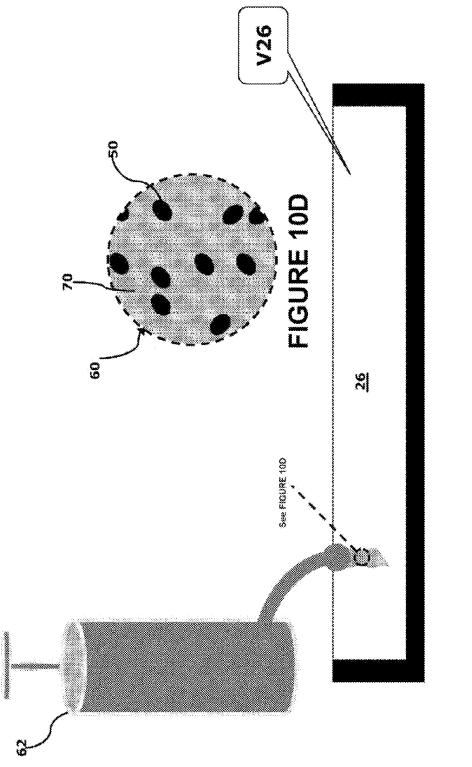




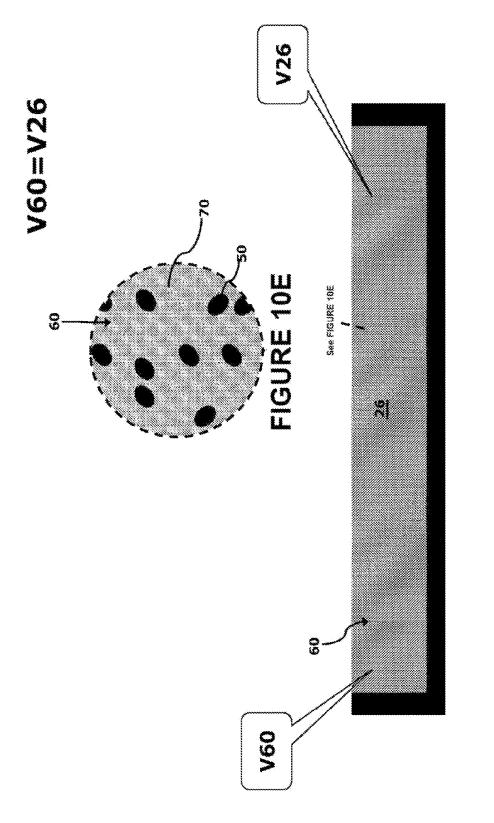
## FIGURE 2D



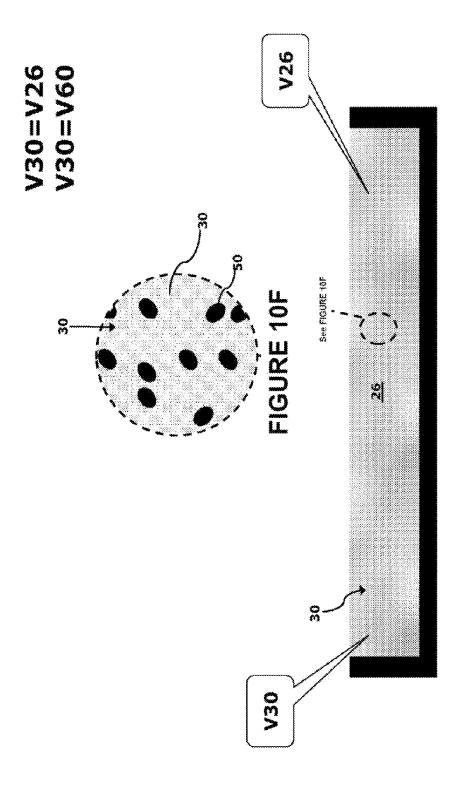
### FIGURE 2E



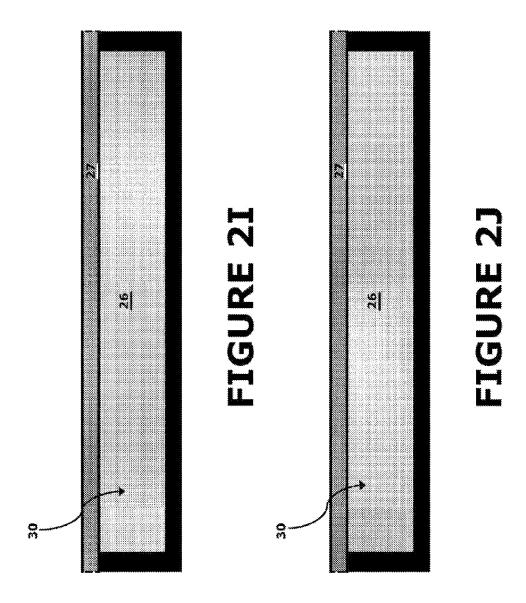
## FIGURE 2F

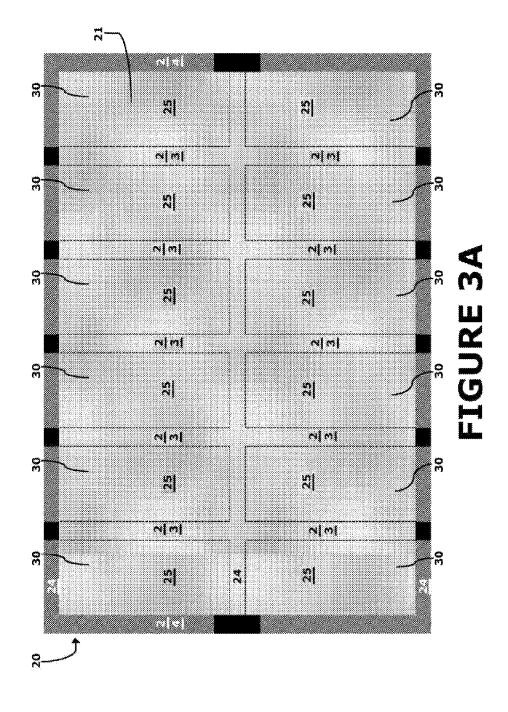


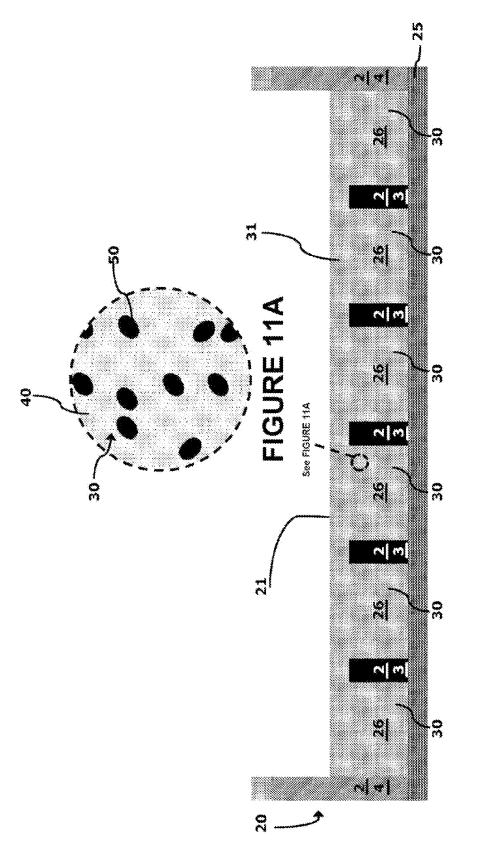
## FIGURE 2G



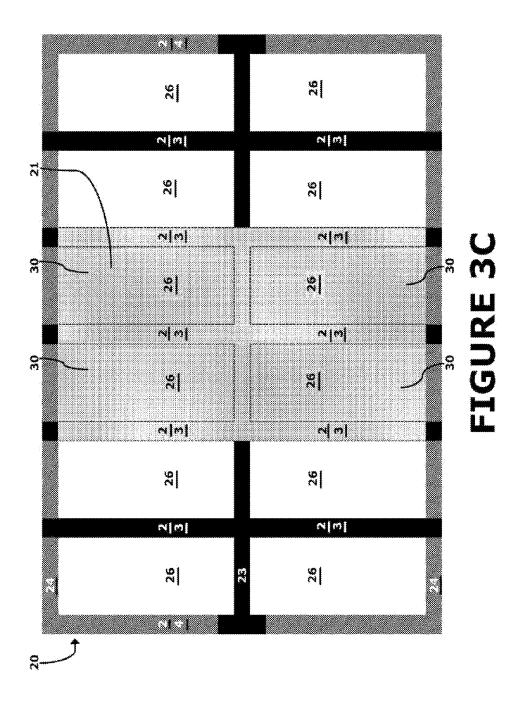
### FIGURE 2H

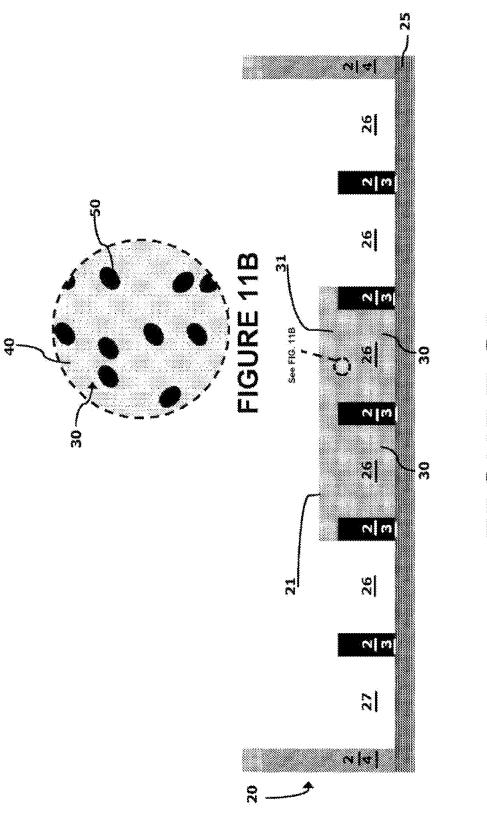




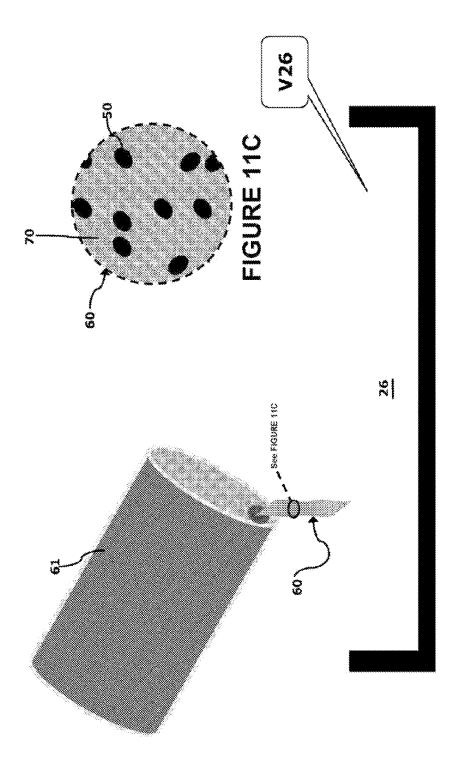


## FIGURE 3B

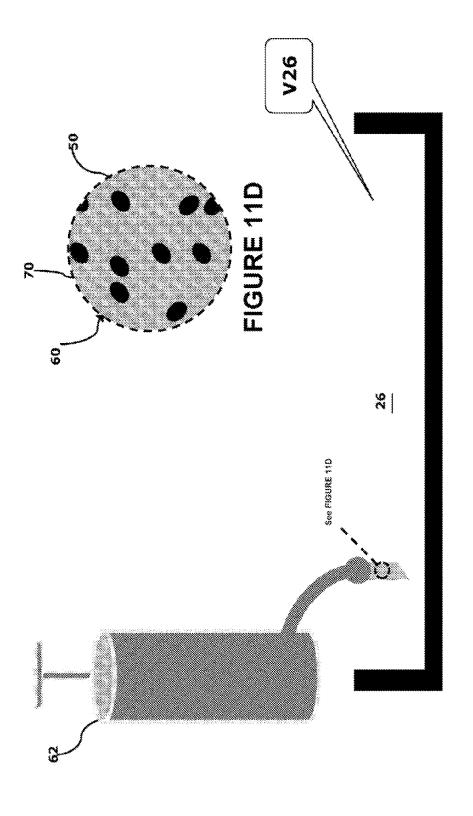




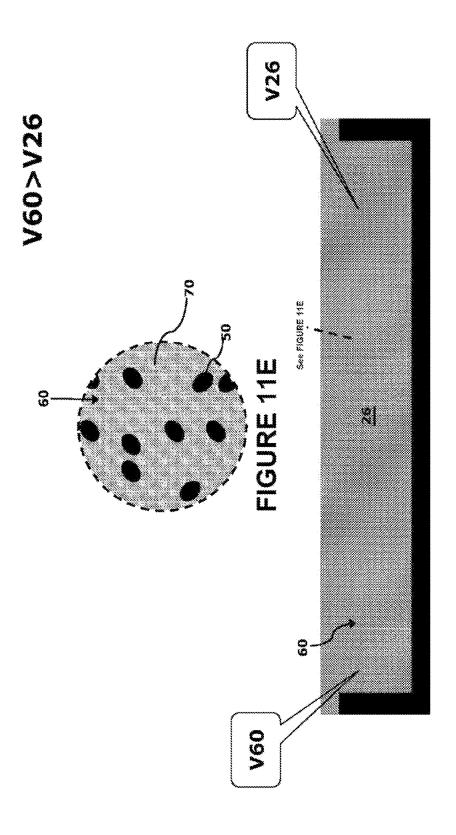
# FIGURE 3D



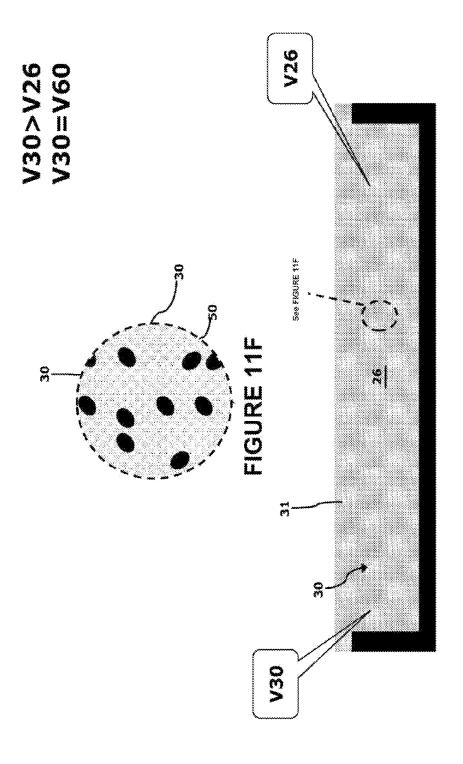
### FIGURE 3E



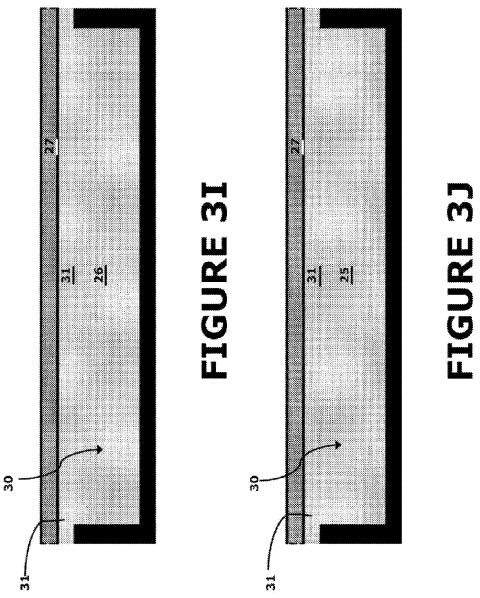
### FIGURE 3F

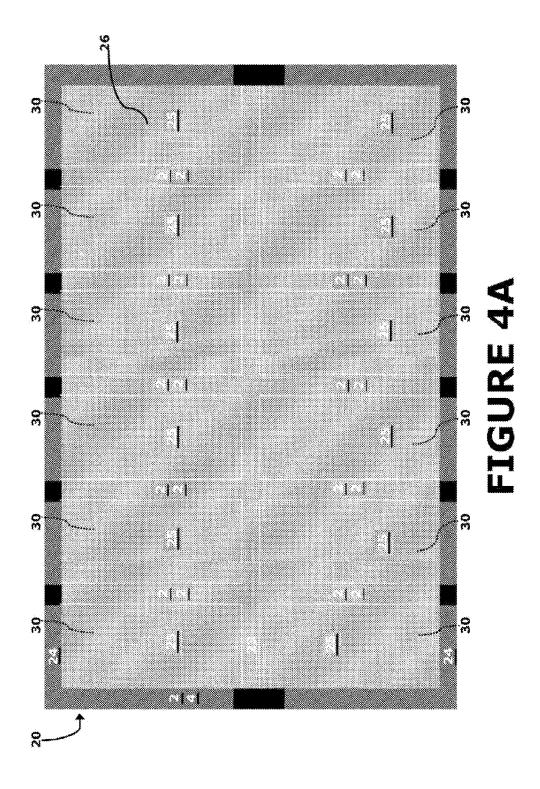


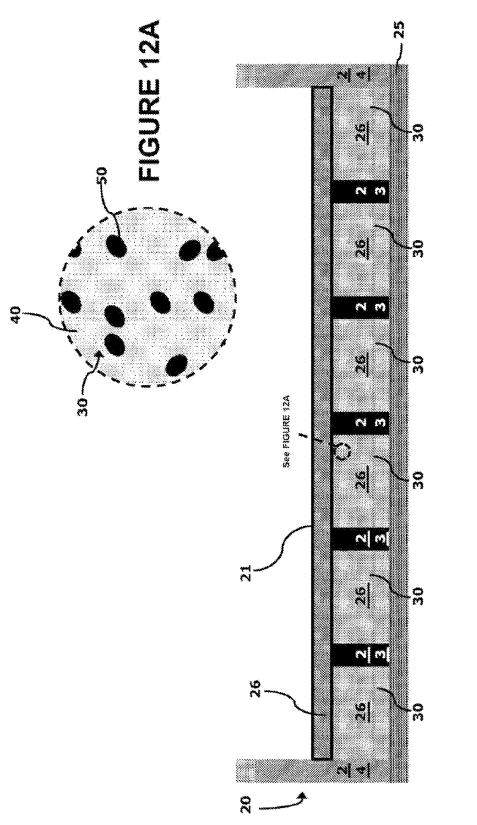
## FIGURE 3G



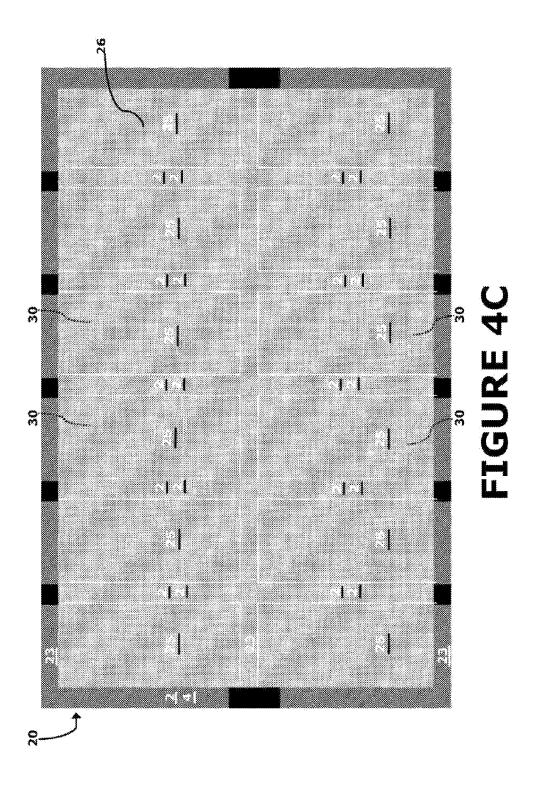
### FIGURE 3H

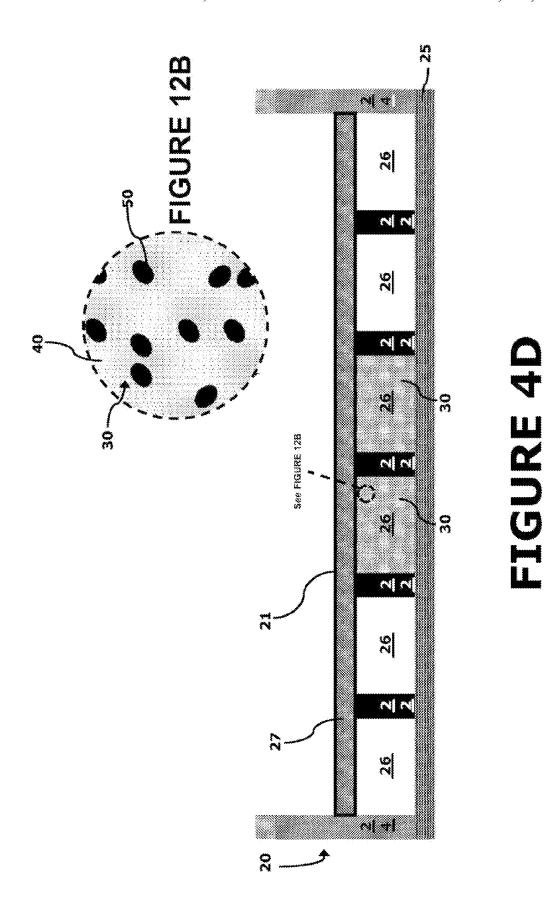


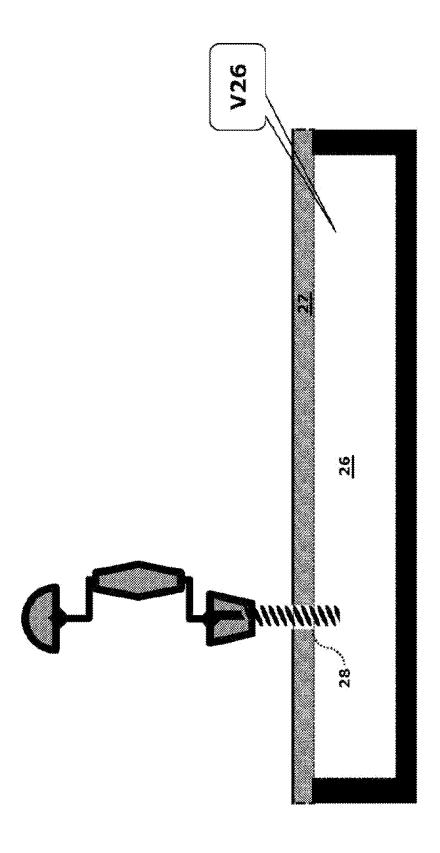




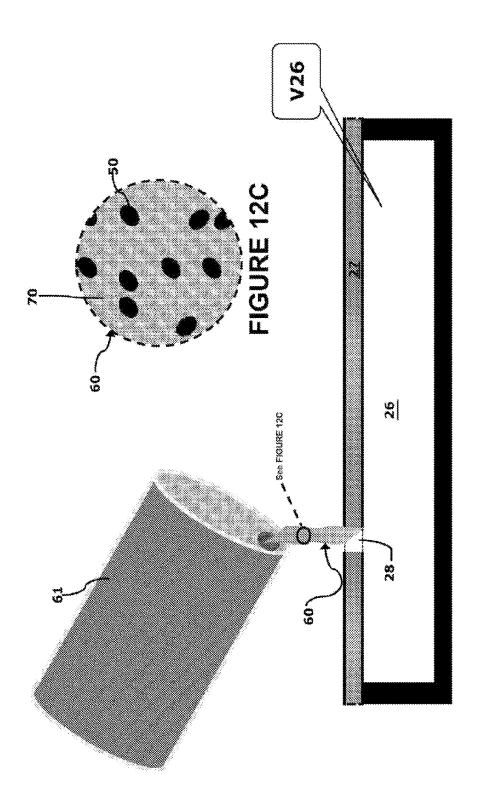
## FIGURE 4B



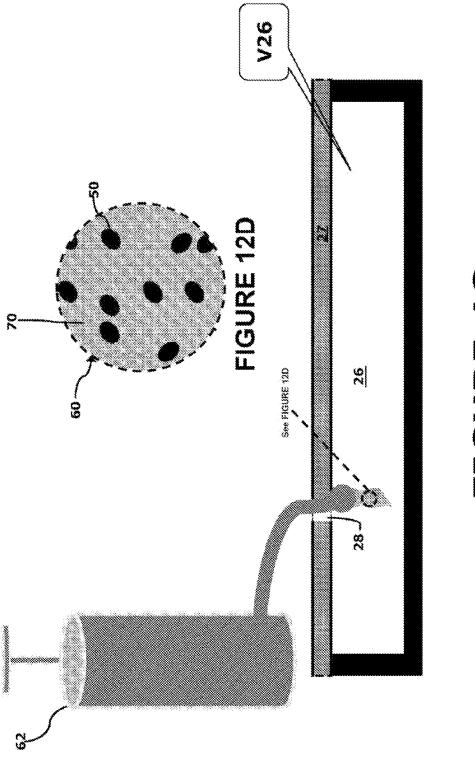




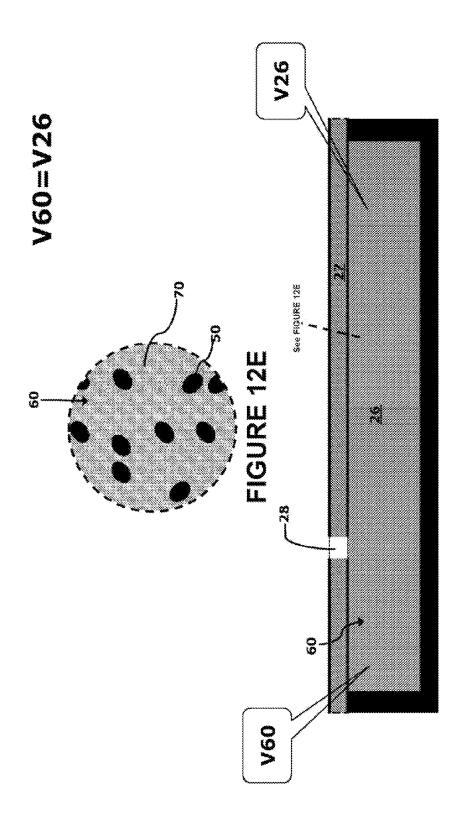
# FIGURE 4E



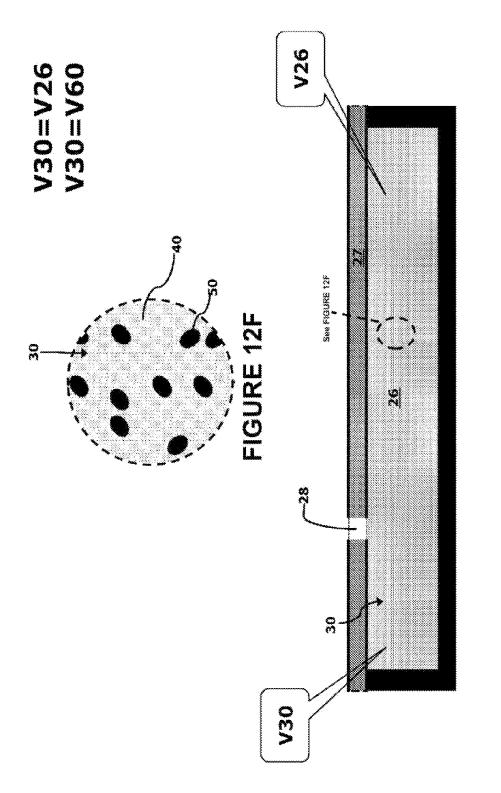
### FIGURE 4F



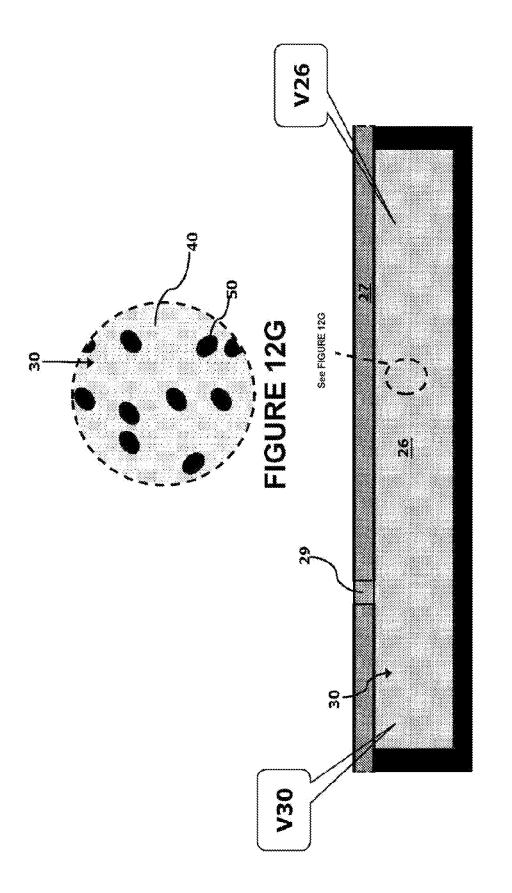
## FIGURE 4G



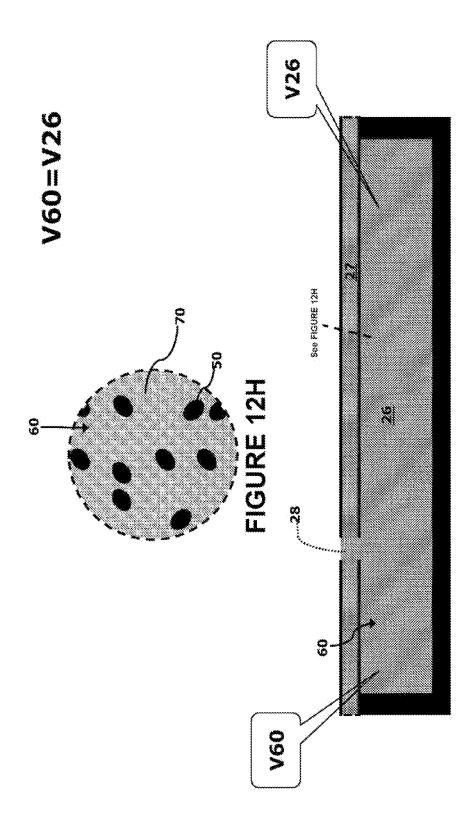
## FIGURE 4H



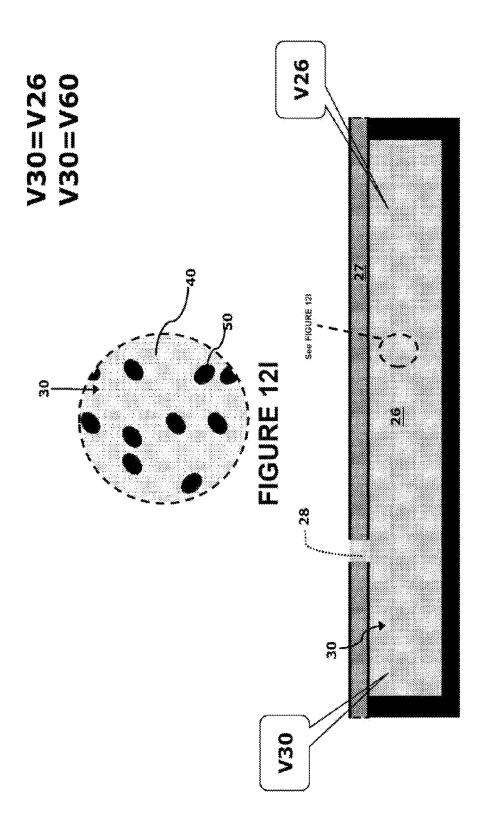
### FIGURE 41



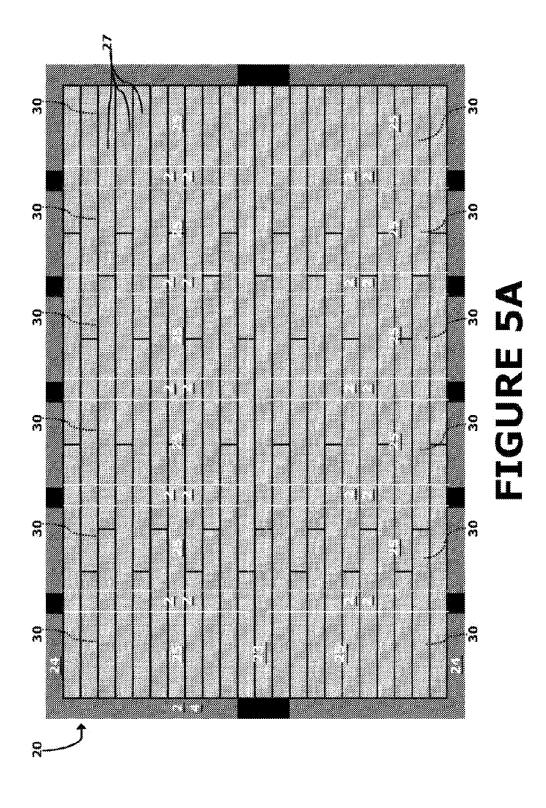
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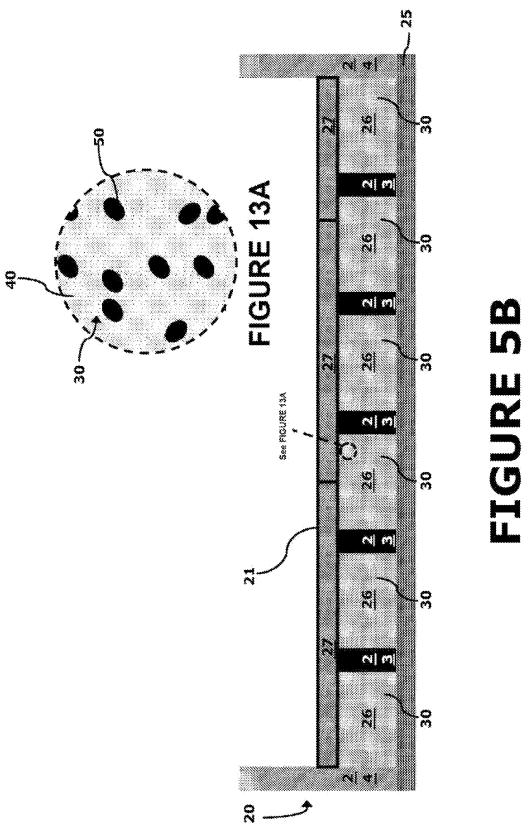


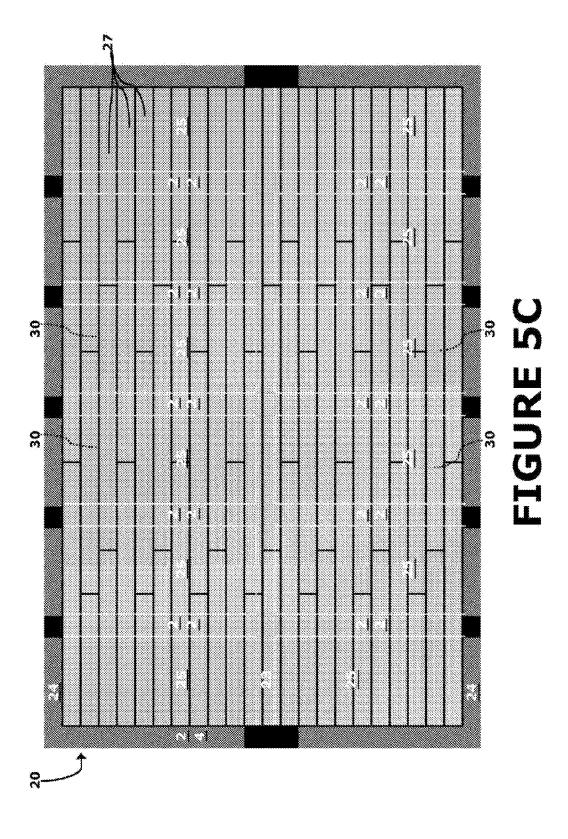
## **FIGURE 4K**

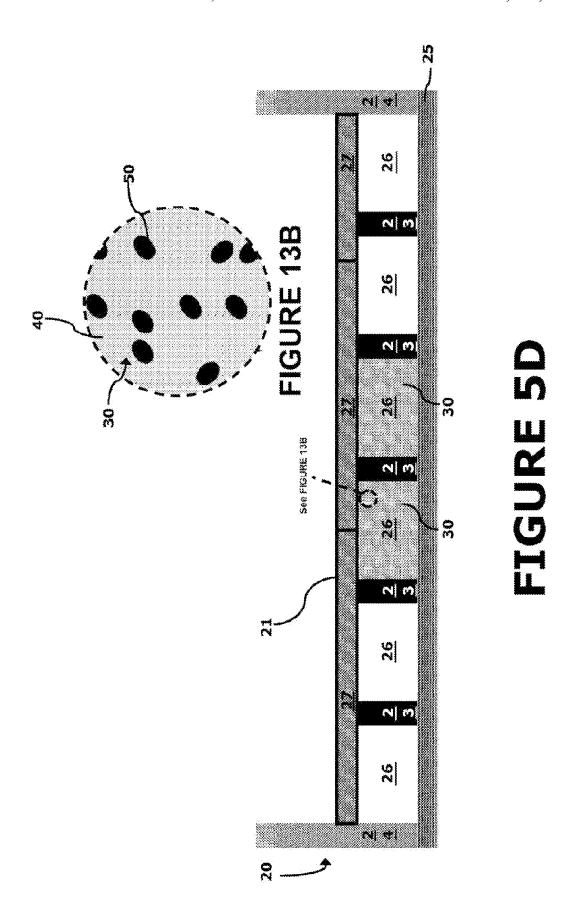


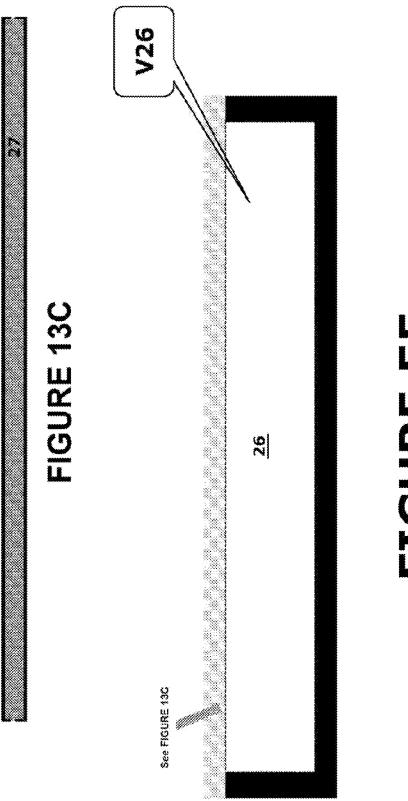
### FIGURE 4L



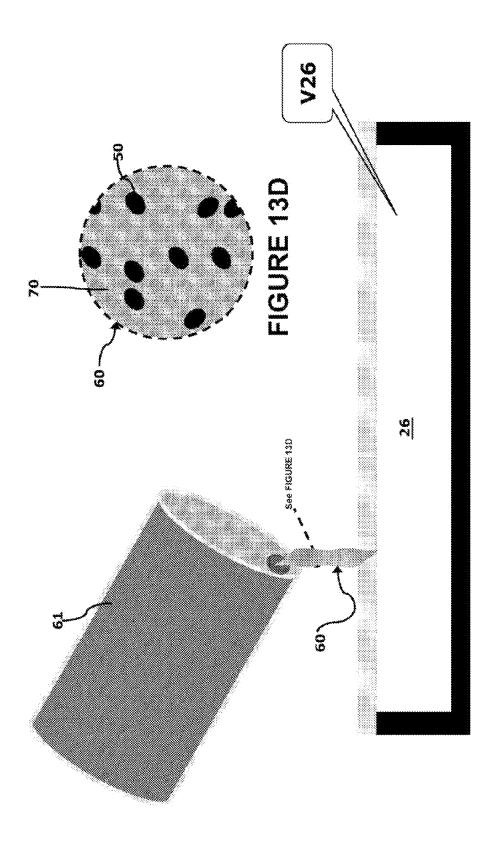




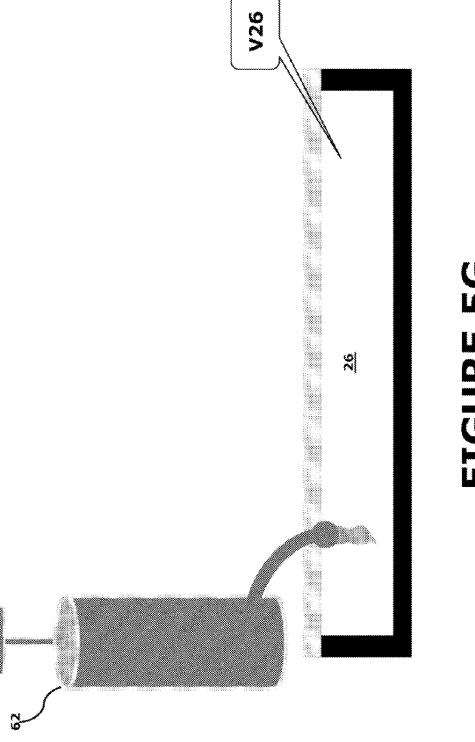




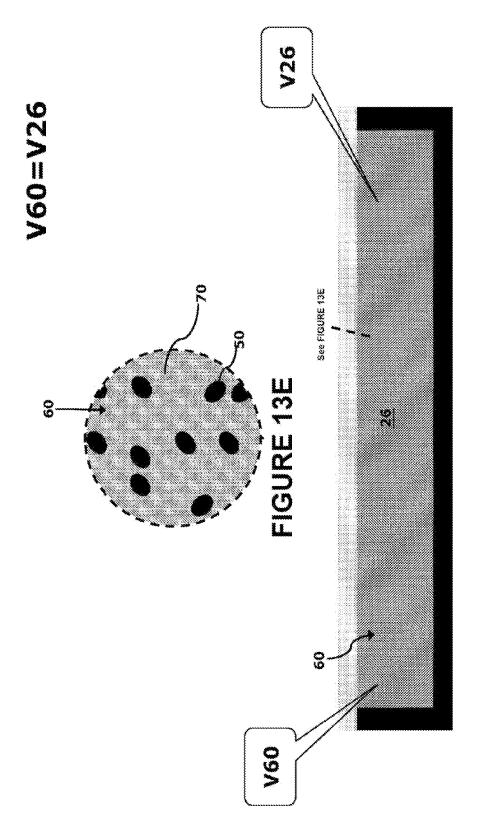
# FIGURE 5E



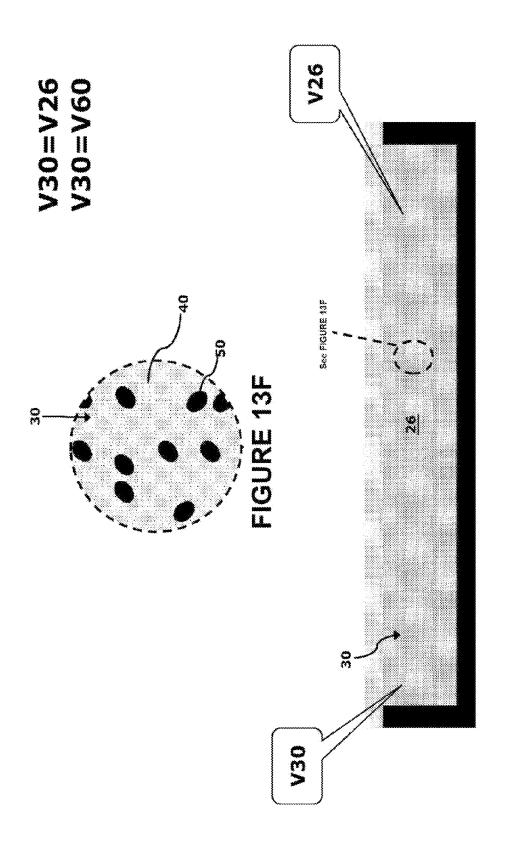
### FIGURE 5F



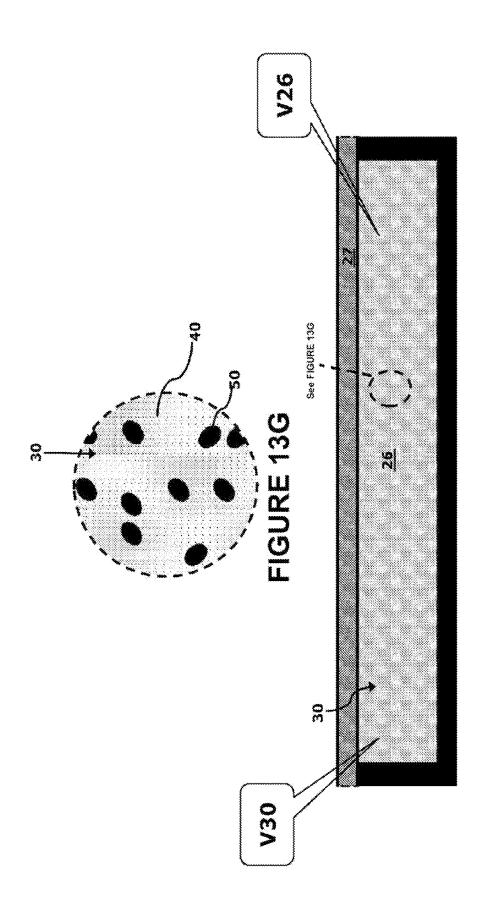
### FIGURE 5G



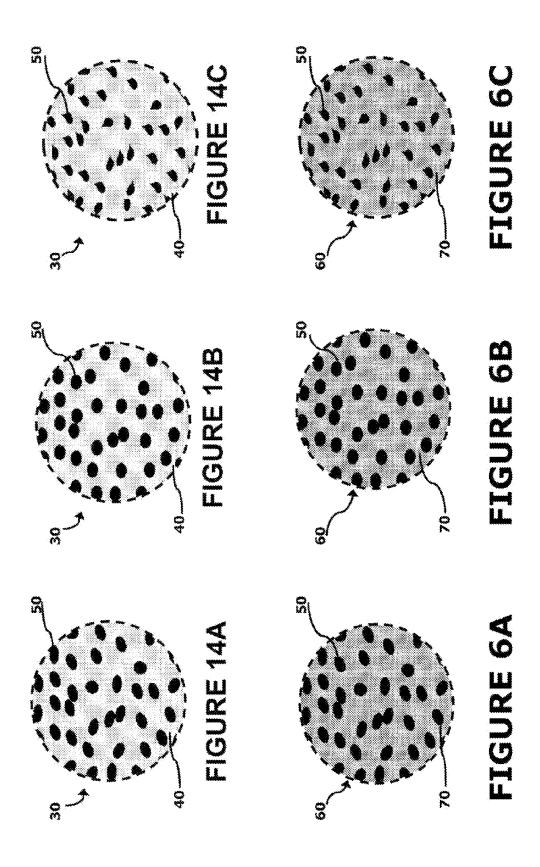
## **FIGURE 5H**

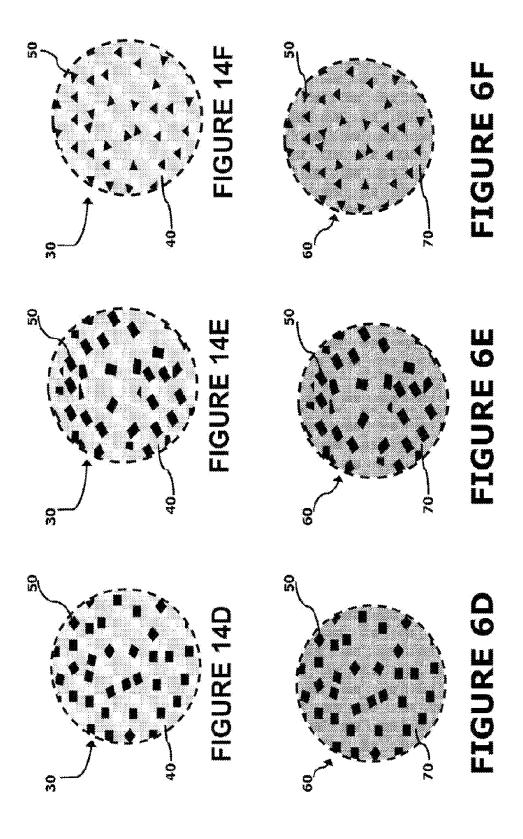


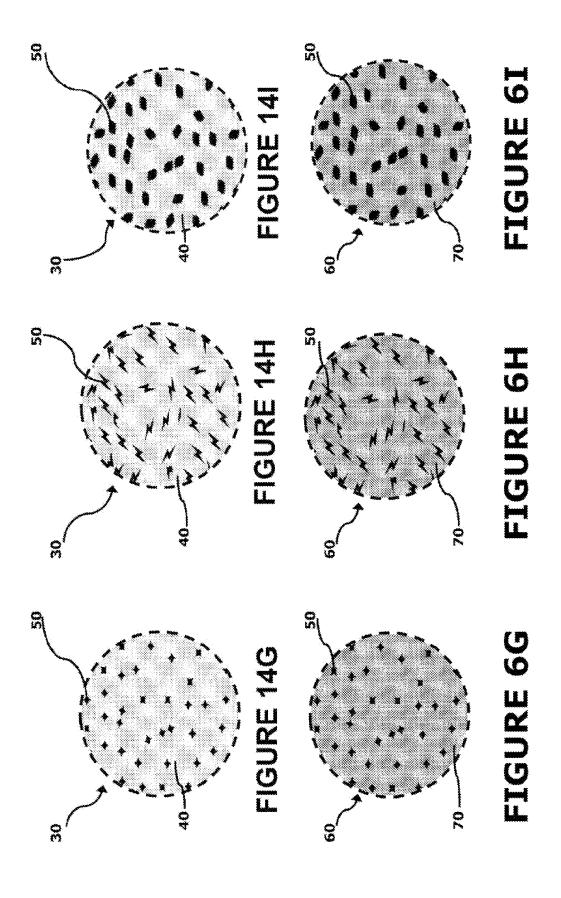
### FIGURE 51

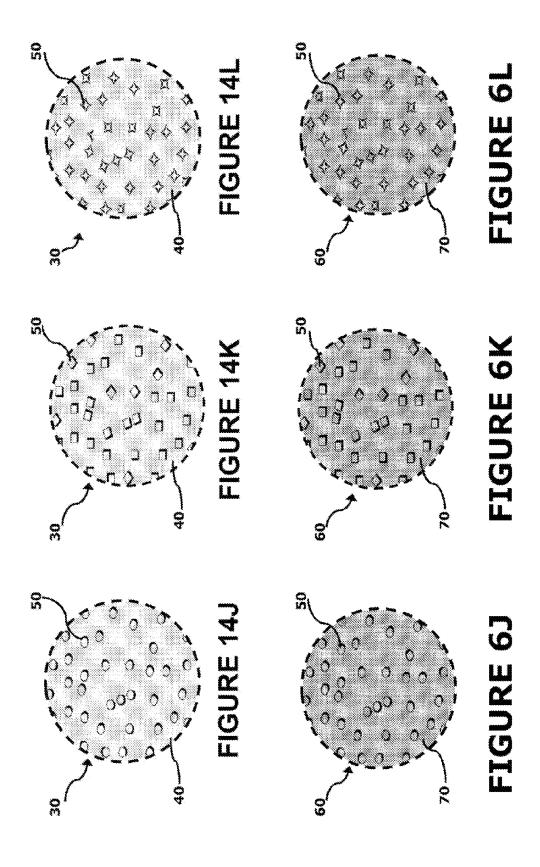


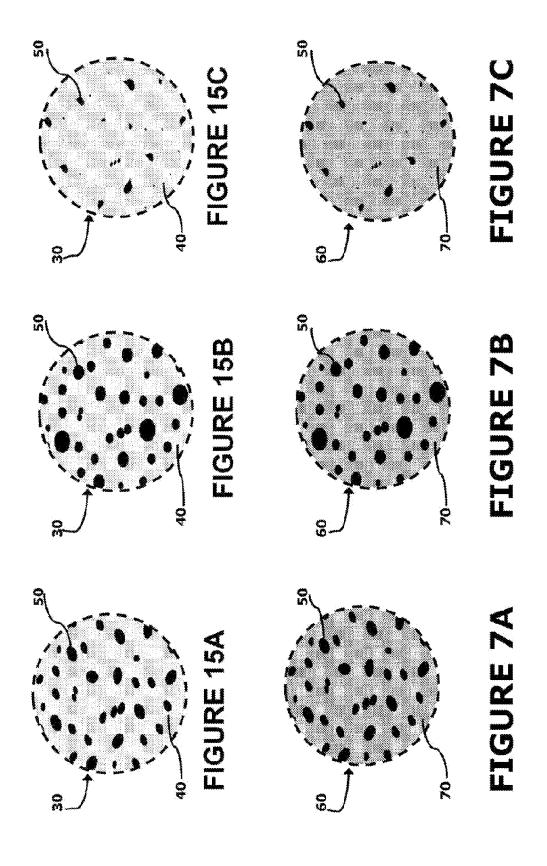
## FIGURE 53

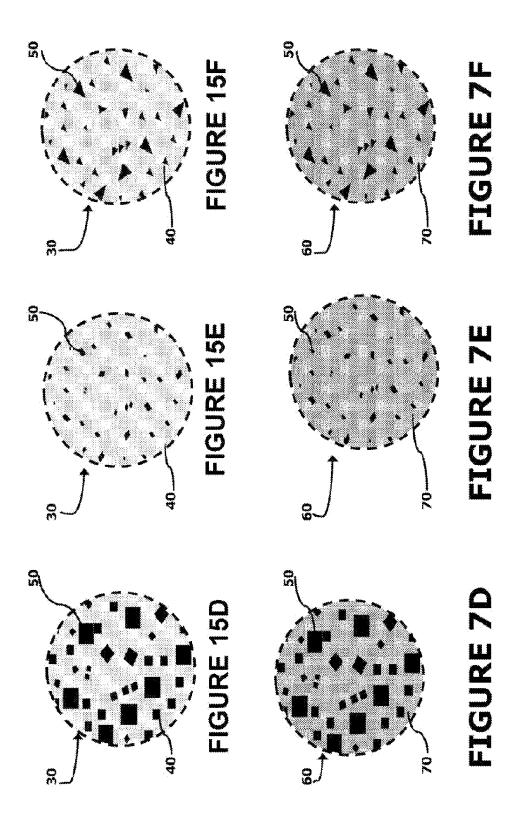


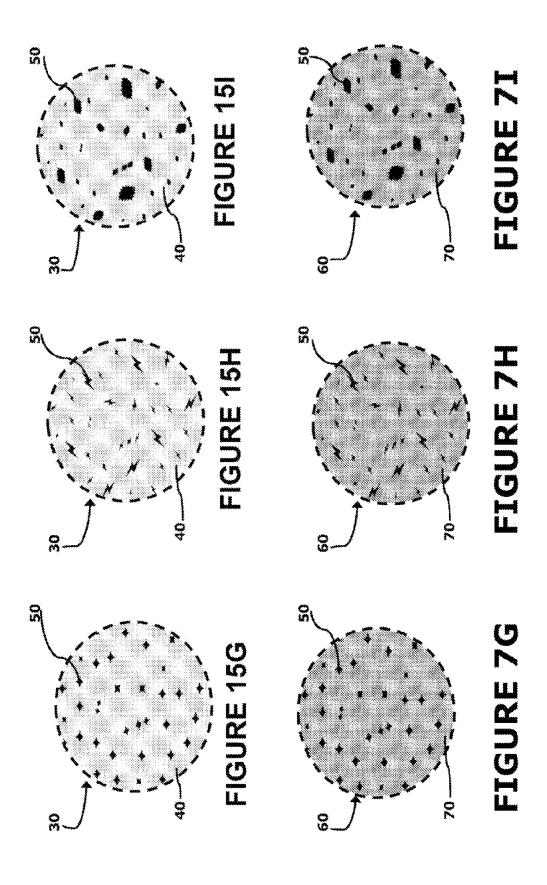


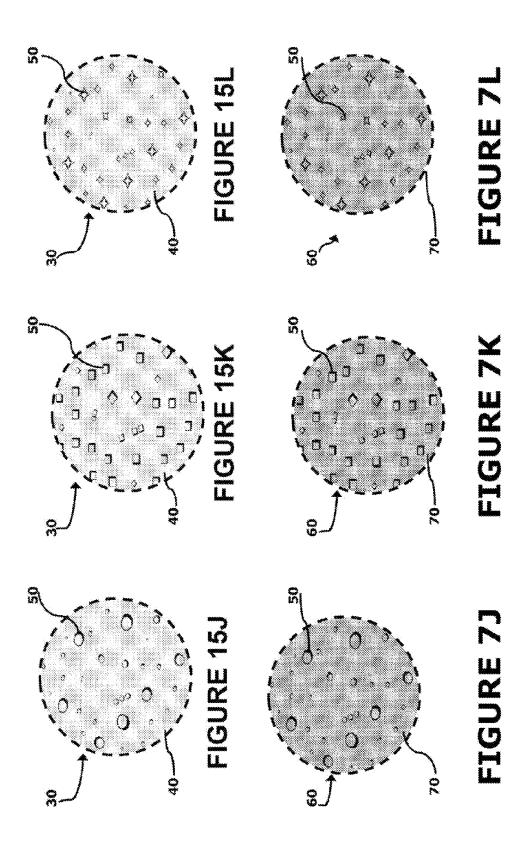


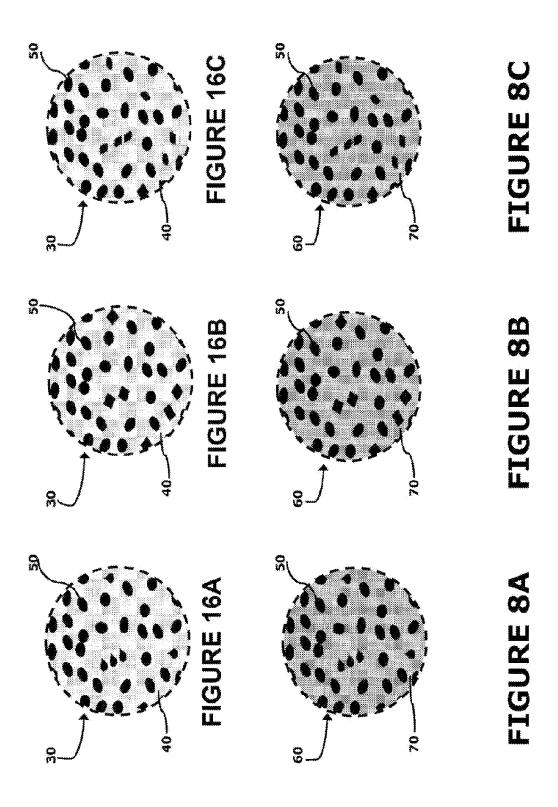


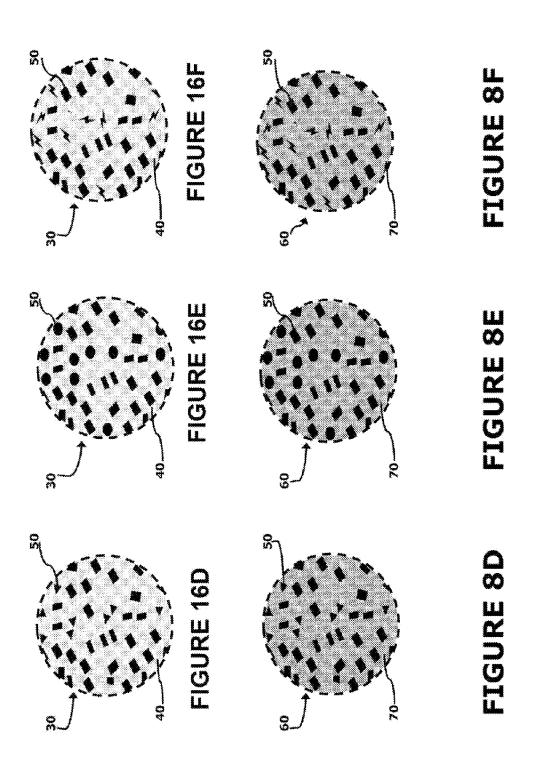


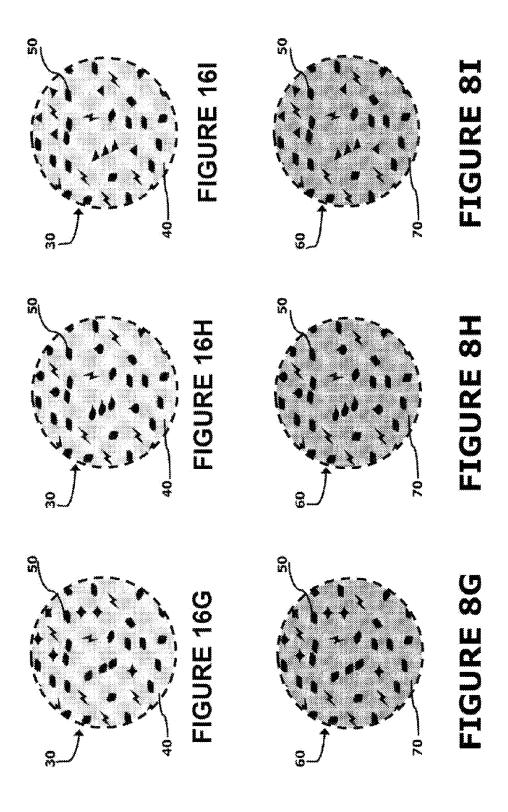


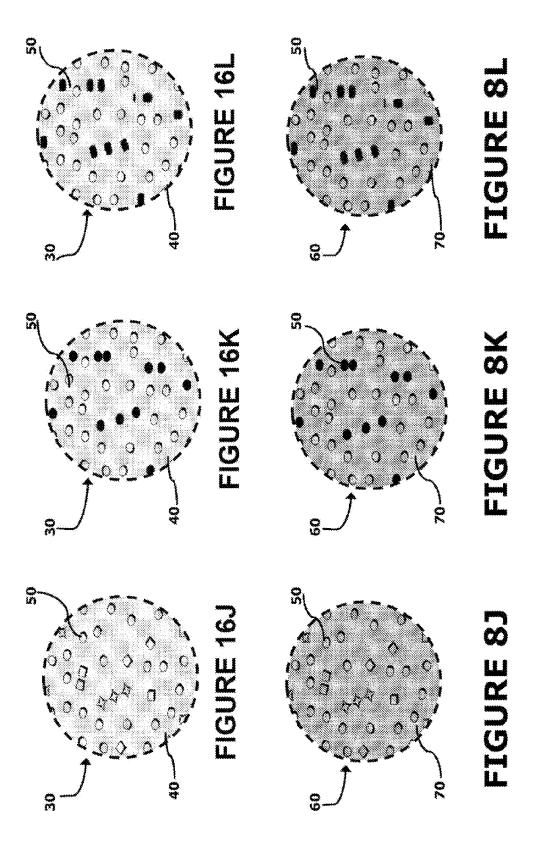


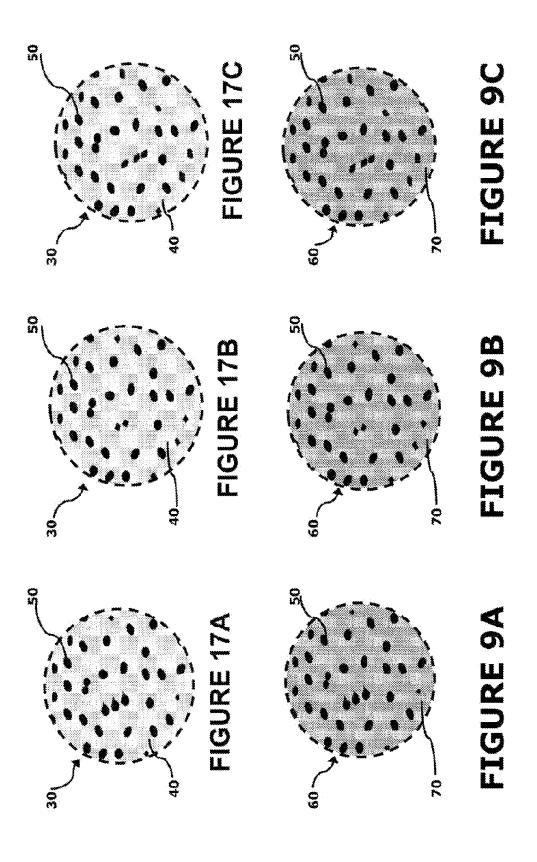


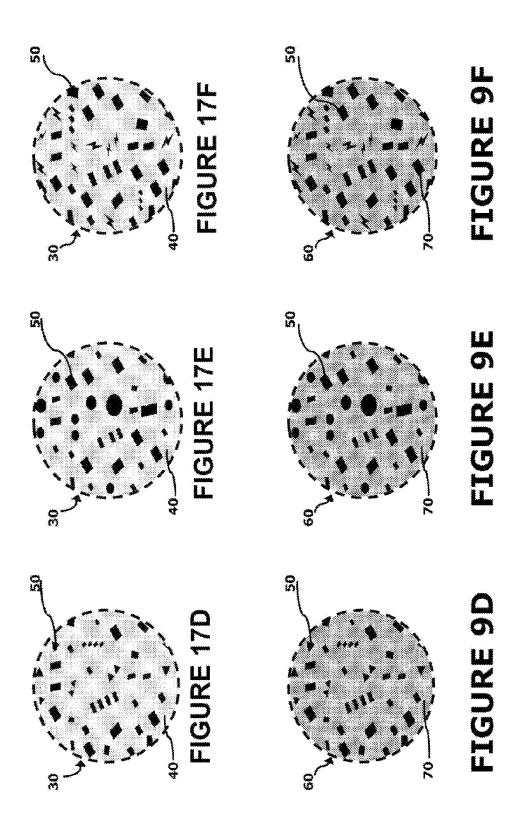


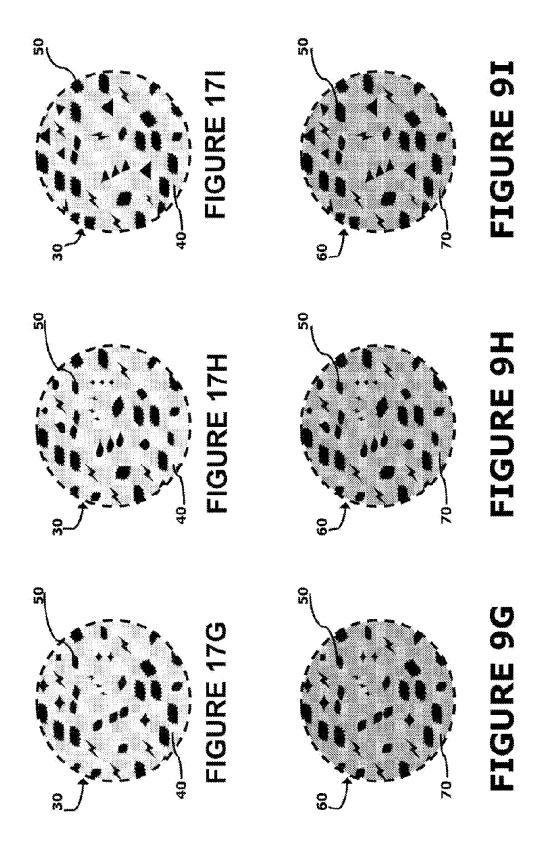


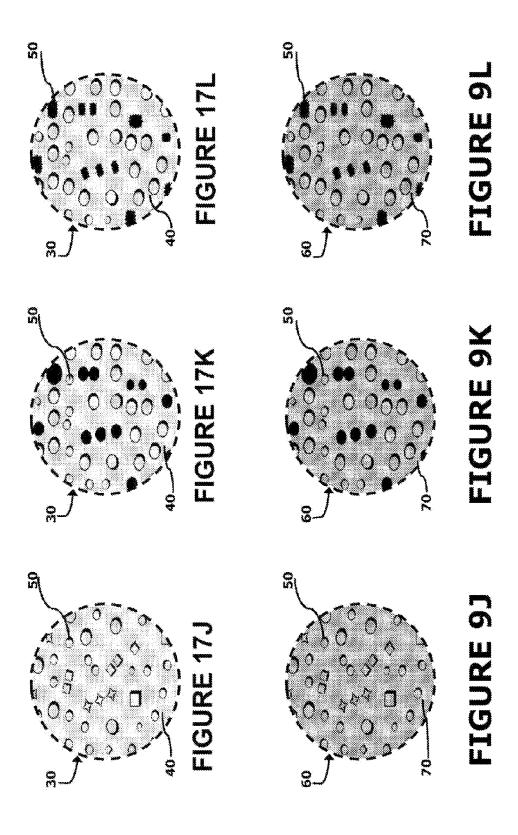












### STRUCTURAL ASSEMBLY INSULATION

### RELATED APPLICATION

This application claims priority under 35 USC 119(e) to <sup>5</sup> U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 61/609,944 filed on Mar. 13, 2012. The entire disclosure of this provisional patent application is hereby incorporated by reference.

### **BACKGROUND**

A building can include a floor assembly or vertical wall cavity comprising a series of joists extending perpendicularly between supporting members such as walls, beams, and/or girders. In a residential home setting, for example, the attic joists and supporting members typically form a grid of rectangular cavities. These cavities are usually about 4 to about 16 inches deep, about 10 to about 30 inches wide, and about 4 to about 20 feet long.

### **SUMMARY**

A structural assembly includes cavity-occupying pods which contribute both to its load-supporting capacity and thermal-insulating ability. The pods each include solidified 25 carrier with pellets dispersed therein and are created by fluidly introducing a pod-making material into the cavities. The volume of each pod is substantially equal to the volume of the introduced pod-making material, and remains so for an extended time period (e.g., at least 5 years, at least 10 years, 30 at least 20 years, etc.).

### DRAWINGS

- FIG. 1 shows a building having an attic floor assembly.
- FIG. 2A shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. 2B shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. 2C shows an example floor-assembly arrangement 40 and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. 2D shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. 2E shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. 2F shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. 2G shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. 2H shows an example floor-assembly arrangement 50 and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. 2I shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. 2J shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. 3A shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. 3B shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. **3**C shows an example floor-assembly arrangement 60 and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. 3D shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. 3E shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. 3F shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;

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- FIG. 3G shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. 3H shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. 3I shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. 3J shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. 4A shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. 4B shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. 4C shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. 4D shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. 4E shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. 4F shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- $FIG.\ 4G\ shows\ an\ example\ floor-assembly\ arrangement\ and\ associated\ pod-making\ step;$
- FIG. 4H shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. 4I shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. 4J shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. 4K shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. 4L shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. **5**A shows an example floor-assembly arrangement 35 and associated pod-making step;
  - FIG. **5**B shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
  - FIG. **5**C shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
  - FIG. 5D shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
  - FIG. 5E shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
  - FIG. 5F shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
  - $FIG. \ 5G \ shows \ an \ example \ floor-assembly \ arrangement \ and \ associated \ pod-making \ step;$
  - FIG. 5H shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
  - FIG. 51 shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
  - FIG. 5J shows an example floor-assembly arrangement and associated pod-making step;
- FIG. **6**A shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
  - FIG. **6**B shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
  - FIG. 6C shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
  - FIG. **6**D shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
  - FIG. **6**E shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
  - FIG. **6**F shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
  - FIG. 6G shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

- FIG. 6H shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. **6**I shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 6J shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 6K shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 6L shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 7A shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 7B shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 7C shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 7D shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 7E shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 7F shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 7G shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials:
- FIG. 7H shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 7I shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 7J shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 7K shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 7L shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 8A shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. **8**B shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 8C shows an example pod constitution and corre- 40 sponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 8D shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 8E shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 8F shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials:
- FIG. 8G shows an example pod constitution and corre-
- sponding pod-making materials; FIG. 8H shows an example pod constitution and corre- 50
- sponding pod-making materials; FIG. 8I shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 8J shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. **8**K shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 8L shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. **9**A shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 9B shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 9C shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 9D shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

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- FIG. **9**E shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 9F shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. **9**G shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 9H shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 9I shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 9J shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. **9K** shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 9L shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. **10**A shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. **10**B shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 10C shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. **10**D shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 10E shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 10F shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 11A shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 11B shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 11C shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 11D shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 11E shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 11F shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 12A shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 12B shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 12C shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 12D shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 12E shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 12F shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. **12**G shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 12H shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 12I shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 13A shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 13B shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 13C shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;
- FIG. 13D shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. **13**E shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 13F shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 13G shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 14A shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 14B shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. **14**C shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 14D shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. **14**E shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. **14**F shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. **14**G shows an example pod constitution and corre- 20 sponding pod-making materials;

FIG. **14**H shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 14I shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 14J shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 14K shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 14L shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 15A shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. **15**B shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 15C shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. **15**D shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. **15**E shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 15F shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 15G shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 15H shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 15I shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 15J shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 15K shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 15L shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 16A shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. **16**B shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. **16**C shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 16D shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. **16**E shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 16F shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

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FIG. **16**G shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. **16**H shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 16I shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 16J shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. **16**K shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. **16**L shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 17A shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 17B shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 17C shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 17D shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 17E shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 17F shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 17G shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 17H shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 17I shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 17J shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 17K shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

FIG. 17L shows an example pod constitution and corresponding pod-making materials;

### DESCRIPTION

Referring now to the drawings, and initially to FIG. 1, a building 10 is shown which includes a lower area 11 and an upper attic area 12. A floor assembly 20 provides a walkable surface 21 in the attic 12 and an insulating interface 22 below the walkable surface 21. The walkable surface 21 has a load-supporting capacity of at 80 psf, at least 100 psf, at least 200 psf, at least 300 psf, and/or at least 400 psf. The insulating interface 22 has an R value of at least 2.0 (a RSI value of at least 0.30) and/or a STC value of at least 30.

Some feasible floor-assembly arrangements are shown in the 2nd through 5th drawing sets. With particular reference to the first four figures in each set (FIGS. 2A-2D, 3A-3D, 4A-4D, 5A-5D, 10A, 10B, 11A, 11B, 12A, 12B, 13A, 13B), each assembly 20 includes members which structurally support the floor. These structural members can include, for example, joist members 23 and joist-bearing members 24.

The joist-bearing members **24** can comprise beams, girders, and/or walls which are positioned perpendicular to the joist members **23**. The span between joist-bearing members **24** can be about 4 to about 20 feet long (about 1 to about 8 meters long).

The illustrated floor assemblies 20 also each include a deck member 25. This member 25 may or may not contribute to the structural integrity of the floor assembly 20. In some instances, it may form part of the ceiling of the lower living area 11.

The joist members 23, the joist-bearing members 24, and the deck member 25 form a grid of rectangular cavities 26.

The cavity dimensions correspond to joist depth, spacing, and span. Accordingly, each cavity **26** can be, for example, about 4 to about 16 inches deep (about 10 to about 40 centimeters deep), about 10 to about 30 inches wide (about 26 to about 80 centimeters wide), and about 4 to about 20 feet long (about 1 5 to about 8 meters long).

Each floor assembly 20 comprises pods 30 which occupy at least some of the cavities 26. Each pod 30 comprises a solidified carrier 40 and pellets 50 dispersed and embedded therein. The pods 30 adopt the cavities' shape whereby they resemble 10 rectangular blocks in the illustrated embodiments.

In the floor assembly 20 shown in the  $2^{nd}$  drawing set, the tops of the pods 30 and the tops of the joists form the flat walkable surface 21. In the floor assembly 20 shown in the  $3^{rd}$  drawing set, pod-integral stratums 31 are situated above the 15 cavities and the stratum tops form the walkable surface 21. In the  $4^{th}$  and  $5^{th}$  drawing sets, a cover sheet 27 over the pods 30 forms the walkable surface 21. The sheet 27 can be continuous (e.g., plywood, linoleum, laminate, oriented strand board, carpeting, etc.) as shown in the  $4^{th}$  drawing set, or it can be 20 segmented (e.g., hardwood strips, tiles, etc.) as shown in the  $5^{th}$  drawing set. In each case, the pods 30 contribute to the structural integrity of the walkable surface 21.

In the floor assembly 20 shown in the  $2^{nd}$  drawing set, lower portions of the pods 30 are contained in the interface 22. 25 In the floor assemblies shown in the  $3^{rd}$  through  $5^{th}$  drawing sets, the entire pods 30 are included in the interface 22. And in each case, the pods 30 contribute to the insulating ability of the interface 22.

In the initial two figures of each drawing set (FIGS. 2A-2B, 30 3A-3B, 4A-4B, and 5A-5B, 10A, 11A, 12A, 13A), all of the cavities 26 are occupied by pods 30. In this manner, the walkable surface 21 can provide an uninterrupted platform in the attic 12. This approach could be adopted, for example, when the attic 12 is intended to provide additional living or 35 storage space, and/or allow walking access across the pod surface 26.

In the next two figures of each drawing set (FIGS. 2C-2D, 3C-3D, 4C-4D, and 5C-5D, 10B, 11B, 12B, 13B), only selected cavities 26 are occupied by pods 30 to form the 40 walkable surface 21. If the pod-occupied cavities 26 are adjacent and/or aligned, they can provide a reinforced area. This approach can be adopted, for example, when only limited access (e.g., to an attic window) is desired and/or when only certain attic areas will be used for storage.

As is best seen by referring to the following figures in each drawing set (FIGS. 2E-2F, 3E-3F, 4E-4G, and 5E-5G, 10C, 10D, 11C, 11D, 12C, 12D, 13C, 13D), the cavities 26 each define a volume V26. Volumes can and often do vary among cavities 26, but they will typically range between about 1 50 cubic foot to about 70 cubic feet (about 25 cubic decimeters to about 2600 cubic decimeters).

The open-cavity assemblies **20** shown in the 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> drawing sets are typical of unfinished attic floors in existing buildings and/or of still-being-assembled floors in ongoing 55 constructions. Such an open-topped grid can also be attained by removing the covering (e.g., a continuous or segmented sheet **27**) from a finished floor in an existing building. And after the pods **30** have been created in the cavities **26**, they can be lidded (e.g., covered, enclosed, etc.) with a continuous or segmented sheet **27**, whereby the floor assembly **20** would resemble those shown in the 4<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup> drawing sets.

The enclosed cavity assemblies 20 shown in the 4th and 5th drawing sets are typical of finished floors in existing buildings. In the floor assembly 20 shown in the 4th drawing set, a 65 hole 28 can be drilled through the continuous sheet 27 and the pod-making material 60 introduced therethrough (FIGS.

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4E-4G, 12C, 12D). The hole 28 can later be closed by a distinct plug 29 (FIG. 4J, 12G). Alternatively, the pod-making material 60 can be overflowed into the hole 28 whereby a nub-like projection from the pod 30 seals this opening. (FIGS. 4K-4L, 12H, 12I). In the floor assembly 20 shown in the 5th drawing set, a segment 27 can be removed to allow pod-making-material introduction and then later replaced.

The pods 30 are each produced by fluidly introducing a pod-making material 60 into the cavities. The pod-making material 60 can be, for example, poured into the cavity 26 from a receptacle 61 or the material can be pumped into the cavity 26 with a pump 62. The pod-making material 60 can be formulated to possess a viscosity compatible with the desired cavity-introduction technique. Additionally or alternatively, the fluid-introduction technique can be chosen to accommodate the material's viscosity.

When the cavity **26** is filled with the pod-making material **60**, the volume V**60** of the material **60** will be at least equal to the volume V**26** of the filled cavity **26**. In the  $2^{nd}$ ,  $4^{th}$ , and  $5^{th}$  drawing sets, the material's volume V**60** will be equal to the cavity's volume V**26**. In the  $3^{rd}$  drawing set, the material's volume V**60** will be greater than the cavity's volume V**26** because of the upper stratums **31**.

The pod-making material 60 comprises a liquid carrier 70 with the pellets 50 disseminated therein. A pod 30 is produced by the liquid carrier 70 solidifying within the cavity 26, with the pellets 50 remaining substantially the same size, shape, and specific weight. The pod's volume V30 will be substantially equal to the volume V60 of the material 60. Thus an installer can accurately predict the size/shape of the pod 30 by the material 60 fluidly introduced.

The pod 30 is also dimensionally stable after installation, with its volume V30 remaining substantially the same (e.g., within 5%, within 4%, within 3%, within 2%, within 1%, etc.) for many years (e.g., at least 5 years, at least 10 years, at least 20 years, etc.). The pods 30 do not substantially settle, contract, expand, swell, or otherwise after. Thus, there will be substantially no sagging, drooping, or bulging of the walkable surface, the filled cavity, and/or the coated structure.

The pods 30 can each have a load-supporting capacity of at least at least 200 psf (at least 10 kPa), at least 300 psf (at least 15 kPa), and/or at least 400 psf (at least 20 kPa).

The lightweight pods **30** can each have a nominal specific gravity of less than about 0.3, less than about 0.2, less than about 0.1.

Additionally or alternatively, the pods **30** can each have a specific gravity of between about 0.01 and about 0.5, and/or between about 0.03 and about 0.3.

The pods 30 can individually or collectively function as a sound attenuator (e.g., it can have a sound transmission coefficient (STC) of at least 30). And agents can be incorporated into the pod 30 to allow it to further act as a flame retardant, smoke suppressant, conductive, non-conductive, and/or organism killers (e.g., biocide, fungicide, insecticide, mildewcide, bactericide, rodentcide, etc.). These adaptations and/or incorporations can be accomplished during formulation of the liquid carrier 40 and/or during production of the pellets 50.

The pellets **50** can collectively account for a significant percent of the pod volume V**30** and/or the material volume V**60** (e.g., at least 50%, at least 60%, at least 70%, at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, and/or at least 95%). The carrier **40/70** can account for a less significant percentage of these volumes (e.g., less than 5%, less than 10%, less than 20%, less than 30%, less than 40%, and/or less than 50%). The sum of the pellet-percentage and the carrier-

percentage will never be greater than 100%, but it can be less if additional items are incorporated into the pod material.

The pod 30 is created in the horizontal or vertical cavity, surface, or coated structure by the liquid carrier 70 solidifying to form the solid binder 40.

The carrier 40/70 can comprise a binder or an adhesive (e.g., epoxy, latex, emulsion, urethane, polyvinyl acetate, polyester, mineral silicate, etc.) or other oleoresinous or water-based systems. Solidification can additionally or alternatively be attained by chemical curing, oxidation, and/or 10 radiation exposure (e.g., ultraviolet or electrobeam).

The pellets **50** comprise a multitude of bodies which would each be a distinct and separable entity if not for the carrier **40/70**. Depending upon their shapes, the pellets **50** can also be called beads, microspheres, balls, capsules, particles, granules, grains, chips, chunks, morsels, and other similar terms. The pellet geometry can be such that no one dimension dominates another by more than three-fold and/or five-fold. In the case of the oblong pellets **50** shown in the 2<sup>nd</sup> through 5<sup>th</sup> drawing sets, for example, their axial lengths are not more 20 than three times their central diameters.

As shown in the 6th through 9th (FIGS. **6A** to **9L**) and the 14<sup>th</sup> through 17<sup>th</sup> (FIGS. **14A** to **17L**) drawing sets, the pellets **50** can assume many different geometries, including rounded, polygonal, starred, and other regular, semi-regular, and 25 irregular shapes. The pellets **50** can be substantially the same shape and/or substantially the same size, or they can be of different shapes and/or sizes. Additionally or alternatively, the pellets **50** can be solid and/or they can be hollow.

The pellets **50** can have average pellet dimensions of less 30 than about 0.5 inch (about 12 mm), less than about 0.4 inch (about 10 mm), less than about 0.3 inch (about 8 mm), less than about 0.2 inch (about 6 mm), and/or less than about 0.1 inch (about 3 mm). In most cases, the pellets **50** will have average pellet dimensions greater than about 0.075 inch 35 (about 2 mm). And in many cases, the pellets **50** will have average pellet dimensions between about 0.075 inch and about 0.20 inch (about 2 mm and 6 mm).

If the pellets **50** are hollow microspheres or other similar micro particles, their dimensions will be much smaller than 40 set forth in the preceding paragraph. A suitable glass, silicate, mineral or ceramic microsphere could have an average particle size of 150 microns, 70 microns, 40 microns and/or 10 microns, for example.

The pellets 50 can have a low specific gravity (e.g., less 45 than 0.30, less than 0.20, less than 0.10, less than 0.05, less than 0.04, less than 0.03, less than 0.02, less than 0.01, etc.) so as to achieve a light-weight pod in spite of a heavy carrier 40/70.

The pellets **50** can comprise expanded polymer, expanded 50 mineral, expanded ceramic, biomass, crumb rubber, polymeric scrap materials, and combinations thereof. The preferred form of the pellets **50** can comprise, for example, mufti-cellular and/or closed cell polymer beads or hollow microspheres.

As was indicated above, the pellets **50** remain substantially the same size, shape, and specific gravity when the liquid carrier **70** solidifies to form the pod **30**. To this end, the pellets **50** can be non-porous with respect to the carrier **40**/**70**. Non-porosity can be accomplished by pellet composition, pellet 60 formation, non-porous coating, or any other suitable technique.

Although the building 10, the floor assembly 20, the pod 30, the solidified carrier 40, the pellets 50, the material 60, and/or the liquid carrier 70 have been have been shown and 65 described as having certain forms and fabrications, such portrayals are not quintessential and represent only some of the

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possible of adaptations of the claimed characteristics. Other obvious, equivalent, and/or otherwise akin embodiments could instead be created using the same or analogous attributes. For example, although the building 10 was depicted as a residential home with an attic 12, the floor assembly 20 can be integrated into other buildings and non-buildings with walkable surfaces 21 (e.g., patios, sidewalks, roads, vehicles, etc.).

Additionally or alternatively, although the walkable surface 21 was portrayed primarily as horizontal, non-vertical sloped orientations are also possible and probable, such as with ramps and slides, as well as vertical wall structures, surfaces, and cavities. The pod material is supplied as a pumpable or sprayable insulation product having obvious advantages as a structurally stable and durable composition. Other uses could include housings for HVAC equipment, machinery, industrial storage tanks, process tanks, pressure vessels, transportation vehicles, and pipelines.

The invention claimed is:

- 1. A structural assembly having a surface and an insulating stratum below the surface, said assembly comprising structural members and one or more pod or pods disposed between the structural members;
  - wherein the one or more pod or pods comprises a solidified carrier and pellets dispersed within the solidified carrier, wherein the solidified carrier comprises a material selected from the group consisting of epoxy, latex, emulsion, urethane, polyvinyl acetate, polyester, and mineral silicate:
  - wherein the one or more pod or pods occupy at least some of a plurality of cavities in a floor, the plurality of cavities being arranged in a grid formed by the structural members:
  - wherein the one or more pod or pods structurally contributes to a load-supporting capacity of the surface and insulating potential of the stratum; and
  - wherein the one or more pod or pods, comprising the solidified carrier and the pellets dispersed within the solidified carrier, along with the structural members are non-covered and define the surface at a top of the plurality of cavities, the load-supporting capacity of the surface is at least 400 pounds per square foot (psf).
- 2. The structural assembly as set forth in claim 1, wherein the one or more pod or pods adapts to the shape of a respective cavity or plurality of cavities or the surface.
- 3. The structural assembly as set forth in claim 1, wherein the one or more pod or pods is dimensionally stable after installation, with a volume (V30) of the one or more pod or pods remaining the same.
- 4. The structural assembly as set forth in claim 3, wherein the volume (V30) of the one or more pod or pods remains within 10% of an installation volume of the one or more pod or pods.
  - 5. The structural assembly as set forth in claim 1, wherein the one or more pod or pods has a nominal specific gravity of less than about 0.30.
  - **6**. The structural assembly as set forth in claim **1**, wherein the one or more pod or pods also functions as thermal insulation and a sound attenuator.
  - 7. The structural assembly as set forth in claim 1, wherein the one or more pod or pods has an R value of at least 2.
  - **8**. The structural assembly as set forth in claim **1**, wherein the one or more pod or pods has a sound transmission coefficient (STC) factor of at least 30.

9. The structural assembly as set forth in claim 1, wherein the one or more pod or pods incorporates fire-retardant, smoke-suppressant, conductive, non-conductive or organism-killing agents.

- 10. The structural assembly as set forth in claim 1, wherein 5 the pellets collectively account for at least 50% of a volume (V30) of the one or more pod or pods.
- (V30) of the one or more pod or pods.
  11. The structural assembly as set forth in claim 1, wherein the solidified carrier accounts for less than 50% of a volume (V30) of the one or more pod or pods.

\* \* \* \* \*

### UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE **CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION**

PATENT NO. : 9,222,254 B2 Page 1 of 1

APPLICATION NO. : 13/795155

DATED : December 29, 2015

INVENTOR(S) : Schabel, Jr.

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

Title Page, in item (73) titled Assignee: please delete "SCabel Polymer Technology, LLC" and insert therefor --Schabel Polymer Technology, LLC--

Title Page, in item (73) titled Assignee: please delete "Rocky River" and insert therefor --Rocky River, OH (US)--

Signed and Sealed this Fifth Day of July, 2016

Michelle K. Lee

Michelle K. Lee

Director of the United States Patent and Trademark Office